PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAPER

1. How can you determine the conjugation of a verb?
2. What are the principal parts used for?
3. What tenses are formed by the $2^{\text {nd }}$ principal part?
4. What tenses are formed by the $3^{\text {rd }}$ principal part?
5. How can you tell if a $1^{\text {st }}$ or $2^{\text {nd }}$ conjugation verb is in the future tense?
6. How can you tell if a $3^{\text {rd }}$ conjugation verb is in the future tense?
7. What tense do the letters -ba- indicate
8. What conjugation is interficio, interficere?
9. What conjugation is cedo, cedere?
10.What conjugation is gaudeo, gaudere?
11.What conjugation is invenio, invenire?
10. What conjugation is paro, parare?
13.Write a synopsis for video, videre, vidi, visum in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ person pl .
14.Write a synopsis for cedo, cedere, cessi, cessum in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ person pl .
15.Compare the two synopses and note any areas that may be confusing.
16.Copy these and then label them with the correct tense.
a. he walks, he is walking, he does walk
b. he was walking, he used to walk
c. he will walk
d. he walked, he did walk, he has walked
e. he had walked
f. he will have walked
17.What are the personal endings for all tenses except the perfect?
18.What are the personal endings for the perfect?
19.What are the tense signs for the following tenses?
a. imperfect
b. future
c. pluperfect
20.Here is a little rhyme: "1-2 bo, bi, bu; 3-4 no more use 'a' or ' $\boldsymbol{e}$ ' the $\qquad$ to see." What word do you think goes in the blank?
Translate the following verb forms

| 1. est | 11.possum | 21.iverunt | 31.ducet (duco, ducere) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. vult | 12.poteris | 22.iveramus | 32.nocemus (noceo, nocere) |
| 3. malebamus | 13.eramus | 23.mavult | 33.manetis (maneo, manere) |
| 4. non vis | 14.volebatis | 24.possumus | 34.regent (rego, regere) |
| 5. poterant | 15.voluerunt | 25.poterit | 35.agetis (ago, agere) |
| 6. poterunt | 16.non vult | 26.volo | 36.monent (moneo, monere) |
| 7. erunt | 17.eo | 27.non vultis | 37.rexit (rego, regere, rexi, rectus) |
| 8. estis | 18.ibatis | 28.nolebas | 38.regit (rego, regere, rexi, rectus) |
| 9. voluisti | 19.ibunt | 29.noluit | 39.duximus (duco, ducere, duxi,ductus) |
| 10.noluerat | 20.eunt | 30.ivit | 40.ducimus(duco, ducere, duxi,ductus) |
| EXAM REVIEW VERBS |  |  |  |

