Notes on VERBS Chapter 2

All verbs have 5 attributes person  $1^{st} = I$  or we  $2^{nd} = you$   $3^{rd} = he/she/it/noun$  or they/noun number- singular or plural tense - present, imperfect, future, perfect, pluperfect or future perfect voice - active or passive mood- indicative subjunctive imperative

## PRESENT TENSE

- 1. take the  $2^{nd}$  principal part this is the form that ends in –*re* and it is also called the infinitive (an example would be *laudare-to praise*)
- 2. drop the -re
- 3. add the PERSONAL ENDINGS

-o = I-mus=we-s = you-tis=you-t = he/she/it-nt = they

note-when you add the -o you have to drop off the -a-

laudo * I praise		laudamus we praise	
	I am praising		we are praising
	I do praise		we do praise
laudas	you praise you are praising you do praise	laudatis	you praise you are praising you do praise
laudat	he/she/ it praises he/she/it is praising he/she/it does praise	laudant	they praise they are praising they do praise
* Notice the form is <i>laudo</i> not <i>laudao</i>			